

A presentation by
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Auto Insurance Rates—Overview

- Rates are a function of costs in the insurance system
- Data/information is the basis for measuring the cost components
- Estimating relative risk of loss across a classification structure is important to a well-functioning insurance system



Auto Insurance Rates—Claim Costs

- Auto insurance system pays for:
 - ▣ Personal injuries, medical costs, lost wages
 - ▣ Car damage repair, other property damage
 - ▣ Vehicle theft
 - ▣ Legal costs
 - ▣ Fraud



Auto Insurance Rates—Claim Costs

- Basic causes of loss (expense) in the insurance system:
 - Auto accidents resulting in personal injury
 - Auto accidents resulting in property damage
 - Weather-related claims, flood or hail for example
 - Theft of vehicles or vehicle components



Auto Insurance Rates—Linked to Costs

- Rates are a function of costs in the auto insurance system
- Rate analysis process considers claim cost data to test the rates currently in effect
- Typical data elements used
 - Claim frequency, claim severity, loss ratios
- Do rates need to change—increase or decrease?



Auto Insurance Rates—Linked to Costs

- Ratemaking is a prospective process
- Rates are being set for a future period using historical data
- Because rates must be set prior to knowing the actual incurred costs, this is by nature an estimation process
- Historical data is used to derive indications of how/if the rates need to change



Auto Insurance Rates—Process

- Two main elements to the rate-setting process
 - Determination of the overall, or average, indicated rate need
 - Distribution of the overall rate change throughout the classification structure
- Important distinction
 - With most rate changes, customers will see varying levels of rate change
 - Some increases, some decreases



Auto Insurance Rates—Process

- Predictive modeling in ratemaking
 - Can be used to help identify how the overall rate change is distributed throughout the classification structure
 - Can also be used to enhance the classification structure through consideration of additional data aimed at improving the measurement of relative risk of loss
 - Continues to evolve with new data sources and new analysis methods



Auto Insurance Rates—Regulatory

- Typical state insurance rating laws require that rates not be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory
- Usually applies at the overall and class levels
- Prohibited rating characteristics as a matter of public policy



Auto Ins. Rates—Claim Cost Trends

- Fast Track Monitoring System
 - Compiled by ISO Data Inc., Independent Statistical Service Inc. (ISS), National Independent Statistical Service (NISS)
 - Provides claim frequency and claim severity data in time series format, nationally and by state, by coverage
 - Recent update shows data from 2014 to 2018
 - Large number of insurance companies submit data



Auto Ins. Rates—Claim Cost Trends

- Table below shows the national claim frequency and claim severity ranges from Fast Track (2014–2018)

	<u>Annual Percentage Change Estimates</u>		
	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Severity</u>	<u>Combined</u>
	<u>Range</u>	<u>Range</u>	<u>Range</u>
Bodily Injury (BI)	-3% to +4%	+3% to +8%	+1% to +8%
Property Damage (PD)	-4% to +2%	+4% to +7%	+1% to +8%
Collision	-1% to +2%	0% to +6%	0% to +7%

- Will vary by state
- Short answer: Claim costs are increasing



Auto Ins. Rates—Other Considerations

- Fraud
 - North Dakota Insurance Commissioner, Jon Godfread, recently stated that on average North Dakotans pay an additional \$950 per year in premiums, thanks to insurance fraud. (Fargo, N.D.; *Valley News Live*)
 - The North Carolina Department of Insurance says up to 20% of what you pay for insurance is going to fraudulent claims. (Asheville, N.C.; *WLOS-TV*)



Auto Ins. Rates—Other Considerations

- Fraud
 - Conservatively, fraud steals \$80 billion a year across all lines of insurance. (Coalition Against Insurance Fraud estimate)
 - Property-casualty fraud is about 10% of insurance losses each year, amounting to \$34 billion. (Insurance Information Institute)
 - Excess payments (due to fraud) represented 13%-17% of auto insurance payments. (Insurance Research Council)



Auto Ins. Rates—Other Considerations

- Distracted driving
 - Attention diverters: Talking or texting on cell phone, eating/drinking, talking to others in car, stereo, navigation system, etc.
 - 3,166 traffic deaths in 2017 attributed to distracted driving (NHTSA)



Auto Ins. Rates—Other Considerations

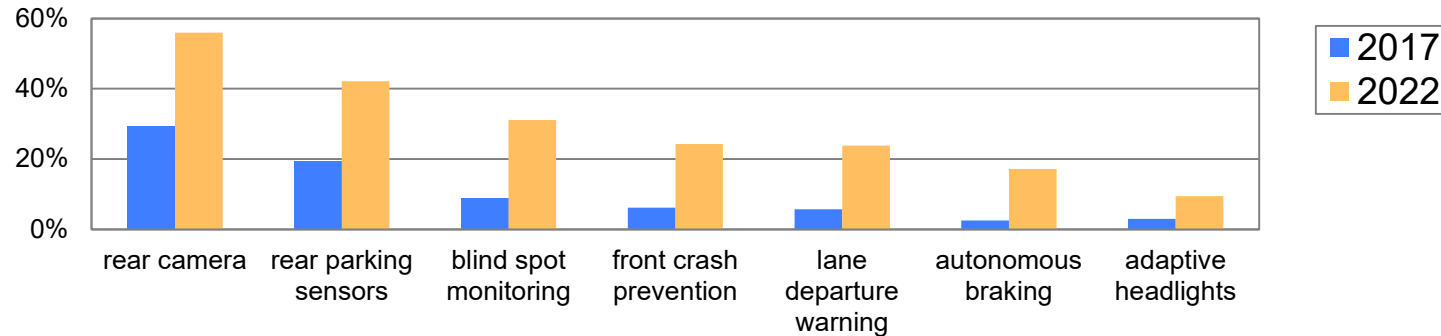
- Distracted driving
 - National Safety Council (NSC) estimates 25% of crashes involve cell phone use (21% talking, 4% texting)
 - NSC also estimates that drivers using handheld or hands-free cell phones are four times as likely to crash



Auto Ins. Rates—Other Considerations

□ Vehicle safety

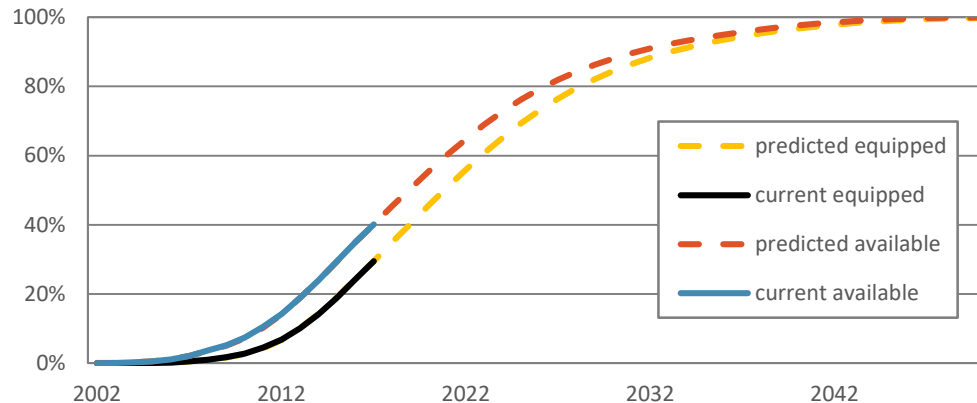
▣ Estimated registered vehicles by feature (Source: IIHS HLDI)



Auto Ins. Rates—Other Considerations

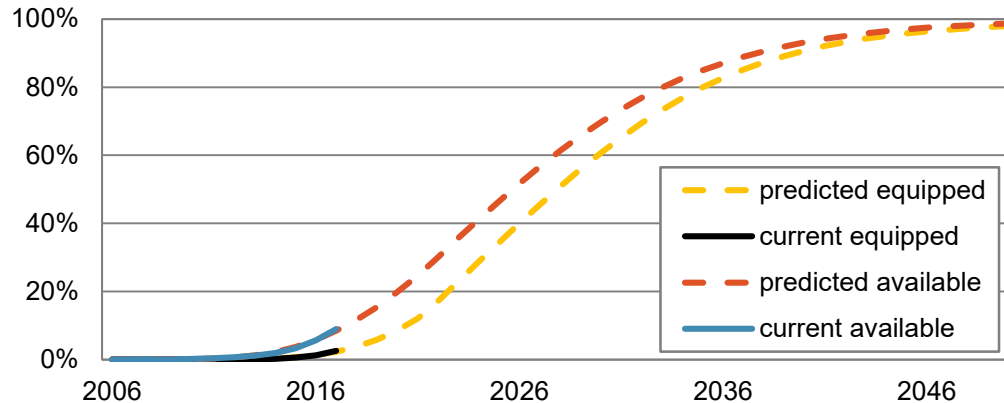
- Vehicle safety

- ▣ Rear camera estimated adoption (Source: IIHS HLDI)



Auto Ins. Rates—Other Considerations

- Vehicle safety
 - ▣ Autonomous emergency braking adoption (Source: IIHS HLDI)



Auto Ins. Rates—Other Considerations

- Vehicle safety
 - Expected claim frequency benefits are muted by the registered vehicle adoption rate
 - Claim severity under upward pressure due to higher cost of repairing safety technology after an accident



Auto Ins. Rates—Other Considerations

- Big Data
 - Garnering a large amount of attention across most industries
 - Helps improve the accuracy of insurance rates by developing new data to measure the relative risk of loss
 - Creates public policy challenge around regulating rates
 - Data quality and reliability of the new data sources, well tested?
 - Benefits for claim settlement, fraud detection?



NCOIL—Auto Insurance Rates

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