Comment Deadline: September 30, 2022

Instructions: Please review the exposure draft and give the ASB the benefit or your recommendations by completing this comment template. Please fill out the tables within the section below, adding rows as necessary. Sample for completing the template provided at the following link: <a href="http://www.actuarialstandardsboard.org/email/2020/ASB-Comment-Template-Sample.docx">http://www.actuarialstandardsboard.org/email/2020/ASB-Comment-Template-Sample.docx</a>

Each completed comment template received by the comment deadline will receive consideration by the drafting committee and the ASB. The ASB accepts comments by email. Please send to <a href="mailto:comments@actuary.org">comments@actuary.org</a> and include the phrase 'ASB COMMENTS' in the subject line. Please note: Any email not containing this exact phrase in the subject line will be deleted by our system's spam filter.

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#### I. Identification:

Name of Commentator / Company	
Lauren Cavanaugh, MAAA, FCAS	
Vice President, Casualty, American Academy of Actuaries, on behalf of the Casualty Practice Council	

#### II. ASB Questions (If Any). Responses to any transmittal memorandum questions should be entered below.

Question No.	Commentator Response

#### III. Specific Recommendations:

Section # (e.g. 3.2.a)	Commentator Recommendation (Please provide recommended wording for any suggested changes)	Commentator Rationale (Support for the recommendation)
1.2	Recommend deleting "an actuary's" from the last two sentences as follows:  "Unpaid claim estimates represent an actuary's estimates of the obligation for future loss and loss adjustment expense payments resulting from claims due to past events. Future claim estimates represent an actuary's estimates of loss and loss adjustment expenses associated with prospective property/casualty risk transfer or risk retention."	The recommendation is to delete the words "an actuary's" as they unduly narrow the scope of the proposed ASOP. An actuary may discount unpaid claim or future claim estimates that are not actuarial, such as when an actuary discounts case reserves.
2.1	Recommend deleting "actuary's" from the definition of "claim estimate" as follows:  "An actuary's estimate on an undiscounted basis of the obligation for future loss and loss adjustment expense payments resulting from claims due to past events or an actuary's estimate of loss and loss	Same rationale as above.

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	adjustment expenses associated with prospective	
	property/casualty risk transfer or risk retention."	
2.8	Recommend expanding the first sentence in the definition of "risk margin":	The proposed ASOP later describes risk margins as a provision to be added to a discounted claim estimate and discounting a claim estimate introduces
	"A provision for uncertainty in a claim estimate."	additional elements of uncertainty. The recommended addition seeks to make clear that a
	As follows:	risk margin could be a provision for uncertainty of either an undiscounted or discounted claim
	"A provision for uncertainty in a claim estimate or discounted claim estimate."	estimate.
3.4.1	Recommending rewording the introduction to "Selection of Discount Rates":	The recommended language is intended to make it clear that the actuary needs to first know what is allowed and appropriate for the intended use and
	"The actuary should select discount rates that are appropriate for the intended purpose. When	the context (e.g., the accounting standards, the nature of the assignment), and to then select the
	selecting discount rates, the actuary should	discount rate within those parameters.
	consider using one or more of the following approaches:"	
	as follows:	
	"The actuary should select discount rates that are	
	appropriate for the intended purpose. When	
	selecting discount rates, the actuary should consider using one or more of the following	
	approaches-Some common approaches to selecting	
	discount rates are:"	
3.5	Recommend rewording the introduction to section 3.5:	The recommended language is intended to make it clear that the actuary needs to first know what is
	"The actuary should consider including <b>risk margins</b> in a <b>discounted claim estimate</b> . Discounting a	allowed and appropriate for the intended use and the context (e.g., the accounting standards, the nature of the assignment), and to then select the
	reasonable undiscounted estimate may result in an	discount rate within those parameters.
	inadequate discounted estimate, unless	
	appropriate <b>risk margins</b> are included.	
	The actuary should take into account the following regarding the inclusion of <b>risk margins</b>	
	consistent with applicable law and accounting	
	standards:"	
	As follows:	
	"When consistent with applicable law and	
	accounting standards, the The actuary should	
	consider including <b>risk margins</b> in a <b>discounted claim estimate</b> . Discounting a reasonable	
	undiscounted estimate may result in an inadequate	
	discounted estimate, unless appropriate risk	
	margins are included.	
	The actuary should take into account the following	

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	regarding the inclusion of <b>risk margins</b> consistent with applicable law and accounting standards:"	
3.5.b	Recommend rewording the discussion of implicit and explicit risk margins:  "Implicit and Explicit Risk Margins—The actuary may introduce implicit risk margins in the selection of the claim estimate, the payment pattern, or the discount rate. The actuary may include explicit risk margins as an absolute amount (for example, stated percentile of distribution, a fixed amount, or stated percentage load above expected) or through an explicit adjustment to the selected discount rate(s). The resulting adjusted discount rate may also include an implicit risk margin contemplating investment risk or insurance risk."  As follows:  "Implicit and Explicit Risk Margins—Possible ways to introduce implicit risk margins include The actuary may introduce implicit risk margins in the selection of the claim estimate, the payment pattern, ander the discount rate. Possible ways to introduce explicit risk margins include the addition of The actuary may include explicit risk margins as an absolute amount (for example, stated percentile of distribution, a fixed amount, or stated percentile of distribution, a fixed amount, or stated percentile of distribution, a fixed amount, or stated percentile adjustment to the selected discount rate(s). The resulting adjusted discount rate may also include an implicit risk margin contemplating investment risk or insurance risk."	The proposed language "the actuary <u>may</u> " makes it sound as if the actuary may judgmentally select when and where to include an implicit or explicit risk margin. The recommended changes to section 3.5 and section 3.5.b are intended to make clear that the inclusion of risk margins depends on the intended measure and the relevant accounting standard. Once those are known, section 3.5.b provides potential ways of including a risk margin.

## IV. General Recommendations (If Any):

Commentator Recommendation (Identify relevant sections when possible)	Commentator Rationale (Support for the recommendation)
Section 1.2 states:	An actuary may be requested to discount ultimate losses and loss adjustment expenses (e.g., to the beginning of a policy
"This standard applies to actuaries when performing actuarial services that involve the discounting of claim estimates for property/casualty coverages to a present value. Claim estimates include unpaid claim estimates and future claim estimates."	period to measure profitability). As ultimate losses include both payments and claim estimates, it is unclear whether the proposed ASOP is intended to apply. We believe it should, as although the payments (and their timing) are known, the guidance in the proposed ASOP with respect to the selection of the interest rate for discounting would be valuable to such an
Recommend considering expanding this or clarifying that the proposed ASOP would also apply when an actuary is	exercise.
discounting figures that are not claim estimates. Alternatively,	

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recommend expanding the definition of "claim estimates" to	
include other loss estimates, such as estimated ultimate losses,	
case reserves, and estimated incurred but not reported	
reserves.	
Recommend rewording section 3.3.3:  "The actuary should use cumulative payments for discounting that are consistent with the claim estimate, even if the claim estimate has not been derived by techniques based on payment data."	The intended meaning of this point is not clear. In particular, the meaning of the term "cumulative payments" is unclear. Does this mean "projected" cumulative payments? Is this simply stating that the projected cumulative payments should equal the claim estimate?
Section 3.4.2 states:	
"If appropriate, the actuary should consider adjusting the discount rate(s) in order to reflect the uncertainty in future economic conditions."  Recommend considering whether more guidance is needed on how an actuary would adjust the discount rate(s) in this circumstance.	
Section 3.7 states:	Section 2.3 defines "discounted claim estimate" as:
"In the case when the <b>discounted claim estimate</b> is an update of a previous estimate, the actuary should identify changes in methods, models, or assumptions that the actuary believes to have a material impact on the <b>discounted claim estimate</b> and the reasons for such changes to the extent known by the actuary.  And section 4.1.j states that the actuary should disclose:  "changes in methods, models, or assumptions that the actuary believes to have a material impact on the <b>discounted claim estimate</b> and the reasons for such changes to the extent known by the actuary, if the <b>discounted claim estimate</b> is an update of a previous estimate (see section 3.7);"	"The actuary's estimate of the <b>present value</b> of the <b>claim estimate</b> ."  And section 2.6 defines "present value" as:  "The value at a given date of a future claim payment or series of future claim payments, discounted to reflect the time value of money."  Thus, the proposed ASOP defines "discounted claim estimate" as the discounted value of a claim estimate at a given date. Taken literally then, the "update of a previous estimate" referred to in section 3.7 and section 4.1.j would be read to mean an update using data and information evaluated as of a different date, but still for the same underlying obligations, discounted back to the same given date. We believe this is not the intent of section 3.7 and section 4.1.7. Rather, we believe the intent is for the actuary to disclose changes in methods, models, or assumptions that the actuary believes to have a material impact on the discounted claim estimate, when comparing one discounted claim estimate to another (which may reflect different evaluation dates, valuation dates, present value dates, and so on).  We recommend rewording sections 3.7 and 4.1.j accordingly.

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### V. Signature:

Commentator Signature	Date
Lauren Cavanaugh, MAAA, FCAS	September 29, 2022